THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 2141. COLORADO SPRINGS, WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1883. Price Five Cents

THE GREAT REUNION.

A Most Memorable Day in the History of Denver.

Veterans' Parade and Review Speeches and Enthusiasm.

Description of Camp Van Der Voort and its Arrangements.

DENVER, July 24.—The parade and review of the Grand Army of the Republic national encampment have just concluded and never has a western city witnessed so brilliant a spectacle. All the principal streets were spanned with numerous arches of bunting and evergreens, to which are suspended the badges of the different army corps with the names of the principal battles they took part in.

DECORATIONS.

On each badge is painted the prominent battle in which the corresponding corps were engaged. These are: First corps, Gettysburg; Second, Spotsylvania; Third, Williamsburg; Fourth, Franklin; Fifth, Five Forks; Sixth, Cedar Creek; Seventh, Pea Ridge; Eighth, Fisher's Hill; Ninth, Antietam; Tenth, Chapin's Farm; Eleventh, Fredericksburg; Twelfth, Lookout Mountain; the Thirteenth was merged into the Twentieth and Twenty-first corps; Fourteenth, Chickamauga; Fifteenth, Vicksburg; Sixteenth, Shiloh; Seventeenth, Greensboro; Eighteenth, Cold Harbor; Nineteenth, Winchester; Twentieth, Savannah; Twenty-first, Atlanta; Twenty-second, Appomattox; Twenty-third, Resaca; Twenty-fourth, Petersburg; Sheridan's cavalry corps, Opequan, 10th September, 1864. There are also two other cavalry and one engineer corps, the designs for which have just been completed.

At the opera house, where the encampment is held, the decorations are very fine. From a large shield over the center of the stage streamers extend to other large shields in the gallery. Beneath this canopy of coloring were seated the delegates, divided off into departments. Evergreens and flags were freely used. At the entrance were erected a welcome arch with representations of the canteen and hard tack. Over the former was the inscription, "We have drank from the same canteen," and over the latter, "This was our rations."

The state house and court house are resplendent. In addition to the decorations on the latter building are the beautiful fountains twenty feet high just erected. They are each of three figures, handsome and substantial. Private residences on Champa, Welton and other streets are also adorned profusely.

From every window and house top are floating thousands of smaller flags and signs of welcome. Pictures of Washington, Lincoln and Garfield, together with such inscriptions as "Welcome," "Welcome to the Brave," "Welcome to Colorado," are numerous. To one standing at Fifteenth street looking up Larimer the flags and evergreen ropes appeared to form a complete covering over the street. The two principal decorations in the city were two large arches over Curtis street: One between the opera house and the St. James is surmounted by a picture of Grant and Sheridan on horseback. It is draped in evergreens, and on one side is the famous, "We will fight it out on this line if it takes all summer," and on the other, "Forward; guide right." The large evergreen columns contain the names of the principal battles of the war. The other arch is in front of the headquarters. It also is covered with evergreens, and on one side is, "Welcome Comrades," and on the other, "Fraternity, Charity and Loyalty." Among the flags everywhere were mottoes, such as "the Union Forever," "In Union there is Strength," "Welcome to the Brave," "Our Army and Navy," etc.

Denver is in gala attire and throughout the length and breadth of the city the national flag is waving from business block to smallest shop, from mansion to cottage, and all seem to vie in extending such a greeting and welcome as will forever make the annual encampment at Denver memorable in the history of the order.

AT CAMP VAN DER VOORT

this morning the reveille and the morning gun recalled the veterans from their slumbers to the duties of the day at 5 o'clock. Shortly after 6 o'clock breakfast was announced. From then until 9 o'clock the tables were constantly crowded. At half past nine the assembly was sounded for reception exercises, and a throng assembled at the grand stand erected for the occasion. Judge Symes acted as chairman, and in a brief speech introduced Governor Grant, who delivered an address of welcome in behalf of the state. A response was given by Commander-in-chief Van Der Voort. General Stimson welcomed the veterans in behalf of the department of Colorado and was followed by

GENERAL JOHN A. LOGAN.

His speech was masterly and frequently called forth the wildest applause. In closing he said, "Many thousand friends must return to their homes in the east with a truthful story of your growth, your wealth, your vast resources, your marvelous engineering and construction of railroads over mountains, your patriotism and generosity, and last, but not least, your free schools and the general intelligence of your people. Sir, the representatives of the Grand Army of the Republic are proud of such a host; and Mr. Commander, those who are your guests are not rabble mercenaries who risked their lives for gain and plunder, but part of the best blood of the land, whose patriotism and intelligence cannot be measured by surpassing colossal fortunes out of the blood of others, but by deeds showing intelligence, patriotism and heroism combined. These, sir, are the representatives of that body of men whose stalwart arms stretched forth and steadied the rocking pillars of the great republic. These are the representatives of the men who, when they first heard the rumblings of discontent, quietly listened for the thunderings from the first war cloud, and when it broke forth in sullen tones, left the plow in the furrow, the plane and bench, the hammer and anvil, the scythe in the swath, the garden and dairy, the flock on the hill and the herd in the valley, their stores closed, clerks' desks unsupplied, cases in court unargued, sick in the hands of nurses, bibles closed on their stands, pulpits vacant, with one embrace for wife, kiss for a little darling, a loving glance at sweetheart, and from all they came forth with the patriotic declaration, 'My life belongs to my country.' They, sir, after years of great hardships, from hard-fought fields where comrades fell and lives melted away like snow flakes in the throat of a volcano, turned to their homes with one flag, one country, and liberty for all, and are now your guests and with them they still bear the old banner; and as the stars on the blue plains of heaven light up the world for the glory of God so the stars on the blue ground of the old flag have lighted up the pathway to glory, honor, and justice between man and man of all races and colors."

ORDER OF PARADE.

The line was formed at the camp at 2 o'clock in the following order:

Platoon of Police.
First Brigade Band.
Major-General John A. Logan and Staff.
Governor J. B. Grant and Staff.
Colorado National Guard.
Other Military Organizations.
Sons of Veterans.
Commander-in-Chief General Paul Van Der Voort and Staff.
Department Commander General E. K. Stimson and Staff.
Grand Army Posts of the Department of Colorado.
Grand Army Posts of all Other Departments.
Delegates to the National Encampment.
Veterans of the Mexican War.
Citizens in Carriages.

It moved on First avenue to Champa, Champa to Twenty-third, Twenty-third to Curtis, Curtis to Fourteenth, Fourteenth to Larimer, Larimer to Nineteenth, where the column broke. The line of march was a little over three miles in length. Fully 10,000 veterans were in line with nearly as many more in the crowds unwilling to endure the fatigue of the long march. As the column passed through the streets before the stand of General Slocum to such music as "Hail Columbia" and "Marching through Georgia," from numberless bands, the cheering was terrific.

The great day has passed without accident, and the ceremonies an unqualified success. There are fully seventy-five thousand strangers in the city.

CAMP VAN DER VOORT.

The camp ground is located on a tract of eighty acres of rolling prairie land, lying a quarter of a mile east of the old fair grounds. This tract is a quarter of a mile wide and half a mile long, and within its lines was laid the camp, measuring 1,100x2,200 feet, and lying due east and west. On the western end was located the main entrance over which has been erected an imposing arch, designed by Colonel A. M. Clay, thirty feet high and spanning twenty-six feet. The heavy frame work is lathed and covered with two coats of light brown mortar and lined off to resemble stone work. On the frieze, in a space four by thirty feet is the admirably chosen motto, "Peace had her victories, no less renowned than war," painted in distemper work and closely counterfeiting raised stone letters. Immediately inside the triumphal arch, on the right, stand the guard and registry tents. The guard tent will be occupied by the guard on duty for the day or night, the main body of the militia encamping in tents provided for them close at hand on the south side of the parade ground. The front of the camp measuring 600x100 feet, is reserved as the parade ground, and in the centre stands the large flag staff, from which flies the garrison flag, 20x30 feet in size. At the further end of the parade ground the line of the main tents begins. All this main body of the camp is divided into four large divisions, each containing over 200 tents, and traversed by two grand avenues, one 300 feet wide, running through the camp from west to east, called "Stimson avenue," after the department commander, and the other 200 feet wide, crossing the first at right angles in the centre, named "Grant avenue," in honor of the governor of the state. In the middle of the avenue stand the tents devoted to the general officers. The general headquarters stand in the exact centre of the camp on a commanding knoll, and overlooking the entire ground. To the right of these lie the headquarters of General Paul Van Der Voort, the commander-in-chief, and his staff, for whose accommodation a dozen large tents have been pitched. On the left hand of the general headquarters are located the quarters of General E. K. Stimson, commander of the department of Colorado, and the department staff in tents similar to those of the national officers. On the north side of the camp lie the mess quarters. The cooking arrangements, contained in a large yard nearly an acre in extent enclosed with a high fence, are very elaborate and complete, and were built directly under the supervision of General Gardner, from his own designs. The boiler house stands on the side of this yard, and from it radiate steam pipes for boiling water in a 20,000 gallon tank, and for cooking coffee and vegetables. The coffee is cooked in ten large barrels, placed in a row and supplied by one steam pipe, having a valve at each barrel. The estimated capacity of these barrels is 400 gallons. Beyond these barrels stand six iron tanks, each 3x5 feet in size, and also supplied with steam from the same pipe. In these tanks are cooked beans, potatoes, and all meats to be boiled. In a corner of the yard is built a large double oven of brick, capable of roasting 2,500 pounds of meat at one time. Near these stand four broilers of brick and iron, each 8x10 feet in size, and of a united capacity of 900 steaks every fifteen minutes. Connected with the cooking quarters is the main mess house 24 feet wide and 1,000 feet long, having two long lines of tables capable of accommodating 2,000 people at one sitting. On one side of this house runs a double line of tramway on which are two small cars for the transportation of food. It has been carefully estimated that 10,000 men can be fed at this mess house in two hours and a half. The camp is lighted with twelve large electric lights of the Brush pattern, placed at regular intervals around the camp, also at the entrance, making the camp at night almost as light as day. The supply of water for the camp is furnished by a large well sunk by the Union Pacific railway some half a mile from camp, from which it is pumped through a six-inch main to a tank holding 50,000 gallons, located on the north side of the camp and from which it is distributed through the camp in four and two inch mains. Hydrants for washing and drinking water are located in half a dozen places through the grounds, and hose will be kept in readiness for instant attachment in case of fire. The pumps are capable of supplying 150,000 gallons per diem, more than twice the quantity required, so that there will be ample supply for any emergency. The camp is estimated to accommodate 10,000 men, but can be crowded to hold 12,000 if required.

Crowded Trains.

DENVER, July 24.—The Union Pacific road brought fifty-seven cars from the mountains and ten from the east to-day, all crowded with Grand Army men. The same road sold 15,000 round trip tickets to Camp Van Der Voort to-day.

The Exposition.

DENVER, July 24.—At the exposition to-day the attendance was large in spite of the G. A. R. parade. The Kansas delegation of G. A. R. visited with the Dospatch band, of Clay Center, Kansas, and the band gave a concert. To-morrow Wolffe's orchestra play again. Denver exhibitors, whose displays are not in position, appear to-morrow.

Fires.

MEMPHIS, July 24. A fire this morning destroyed stores occupied by Stewart, Gwynn & Co. and John R. Bell, large concerns, entailing a loss of about $200,000; fully insured.

PAINT CODIAC, Quebec, July 24. A spool factory and all stockhouses in connection therewith, also two dwellings burned. Loss heavy; insurance small.

The Black Plague.

ALEXANDRIA, July 24.—A European has died here from cholera. Five hundred deaths were reported from Cairo yesterday, also one death at Ismailia and one at Suez yesterday.

SUEZ, July 24. Cholera has broken out among soldiers of the British regiment which recently arrived here from Cairo. Two members have died.

Fate of Texas Tourists.

GALVESTON, July 24.—A News' Lampasas special says: Two carriages, containing the skeletons of three grown persons and two children, sitting bolt upright, as if in life, were found under a large live oak near the road in Llano county. The tree was shattered by lightning. It is supposed shelter was sought under the tree and lightning struck, killing the horses and inmates of the carriages. The weather-beaten appearance of the carriages and trimmings looks as if it was done a year ago. In a small trunk was a letter addressed to James G. Chamberlain, England. The remains were found by a stockman driving cattle, and reported at once to the authorities. The parties are supposed to have been tourists. The spot where they were found is very secluded and far from any habitation.

Effect of the Strike on Oil.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., July 24. The effects of the telegraph strike are perhaps more severely felt in the oil business than any other. The following are the exchanges of the country: Titusville, Bradford, Oil City, Warren, Clarendon, Franklin, Jamestown, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, New York, and Philadelphia. Oil City fixes the price of crude petroleum for all those markets. The fluctuations are momentary, and the markets sensitive to the slightest influences. Hence the telegraph business not only between these places, but between them and all parts of the country has assumed enormous proportions. The amount of crude oil which has changed hands in the last twelve months in the various exchanges amounted to two thousand million barrels. It can be readily understood therefore how this branch of trade suffers from the want of prompt and adequate telegraphic facilities.

The Titusville Herald editorially suggests on behalf of the oil region and oil trade that the consequences of the dead-lock are so disastrous and legal remedies so remote and insufficient, that waiving all questions of which party has the right on its side, and which is in the wrong, both can afford for the public good to consent to arbitration of their differences, selecting men of known fairness, fitness and peculiar sympathies and who enjoy the public confidence for absolute integrity here and abroad. It would suggest among other good names, ex-President U. S. Grant, Chas. Francis Adams and Henry Ward Beecher. The proposition meets with great favor in the oil regions.

GENERAL MATTERS.

A Terrible Catastrophe Occurs Near Baltimore

At a Pleasure Resort---More than Sixty Lives Lost.

No Material Change Noted in the Strike Situation.

A Terrible Calamity.

BALTIMORE, July 24.—A terrible calamity occurred at North Point Tivoli, an excursion resort on the Patapsco ten miles from this city, about ten o'clock last night, by which many lives were lost, the number being estimated between sixty and seventy. The accident was occasioned by the giving way of the outer portion of a pier on which several hundred persons were congregated, waiting for a boat to return to this city. The locality is in a small bay distant about two miles from North Point light house. It was formerly known as Holley Grove and was the first regular excursion place fitted up near this city, about fifteen years ago and was a most popular resort at that time and for several years afterwards. Yesterday an excursion was given to Tivoli under the management of the Mount Royal Beneficial society of the Catholic church of Corpus Christie, of which Father Starr is pastor, Mount Royal avenue and Moses street. The excursion went down on the barge Cockade City, which was towed by the tug Amanda Powell. The barge was formerly an old canal boat, which had been fitted up with small decks for excursion purposes, and used as such several years. Yesterday she made three trips to the place, the last being made from this city between 6 and 7 o'clock last evening and reached Tivoli before 10 o'clock. During the day she had taken down about 500 persons and on her last trip about 100.

BALTIMORE, July 24.—The Sun in an extra says: The boat had three trips to Tivoli. The morning boat took down 100, the two o'clock boat 120, and the six o'clock boat 75. This latter boat reached the pier at 8.20 and prepared to take all hands back to the city at once as requested by Father Starr. The excursionists knowing this was the only boat dashed along the pier until they were stopped by a gate near the steamer. Some youth tried to climb over the gate, and a man and a boy seated themselves on the rails with their legs hanging over. The sudden movement caused the rail to break and the two were thrown into the water. A commotion followed and there was a sudden crash and a chorused shriek. Splinters flew in every direction and about 200 people were struggling among the broken timbers in eight feet of water. The noise and cries were so loud that water men heard them two miles away. Spectators say the scene was sickening. The moon had gone down and the only light was shed by two feeble coal oil lamps. Some of the rescuers took the barge lanterns and set them on the wharf. Two of them exploded and added fresh terror to the scene. Those on the decks of the barge threw life preservers, stools, and benches into the water. These struck a great many and knocked them insensible. Others let down planks and ropes. Indescribable helplessness and terror reigned. The shrieks, curses, groans and cries were heart rending. The darkness impeded help rendered by those who jumped into the water. Those whose swimming powers were the means of saving the lives of others were as follows, together with the number of persons each saved: Charles M. Connor, 6; E. A. Fitzpatrick, 4; Patrick Beatty, 6; John Connell, 4; Jacob Batzel, 10; James Burns, 10; Wm. Carrl, 3; Chris Doyle and Captain Roberts, of the tug Amanda Powell. Some women were pulled up on the wharf and some dragged into shallow water. The movement of the barge caused a wash that carried those battling with the water under the wharf and among the piles. The men were mostly able to struggle out. Those males drowned were trying to help women and children. After the confusion was over a huge fire was built on shore for those who had been saved, and their clothes soon dried. Dredging for bodies then commenced. Twenty-eight were found up to 10 o'clock, when Father Starr took upon himself the responsibility of ordering the boat up to Baltimore. It came up, and was sent back at daybreak.

BALTIMORE, July 24.—Bodies at the eastern police station were identified this afternoon as those of Alfred Burgan 18, Miss Kate Ives 28, and two children as those of Jno. McAny, leaving alive but one of that family a little boy of six years who was rescued. The bodies of two more children are said to have been found, but only one of them, the child of Bernard McGohan, has reached the city at 8 o'clock this evening.

Coroner Mondt has begun an inquest at which Father Starr, pastor of the church of Corpus Christi, was present. Jacob Bonnell testified that he is a special officer at Tivoli; locked the gates on the wharf at about eight on last evening by order of the proprietor of the place to keep people from getting on the wharf; refused some young ladies who wished to return to the grounds to pass through the first gate because he feared others would get through. The last reached the wharf between 10 and 11. Witness then opened the gates and the people rushed through. He begged them to keep back as the wharf was not of the best. Soon after he heard a crash, ran back and saw a number of people in the water and pulled off his clothes and went into the water and rescued ten or twelve persons, also recovered three dead bodies; did not consider the wharf secure with such a crowd. There were about 700 persons on the wharf when it fell and fully three hundred were in the water; had seen larger crowds on the wharf; flooring had been repaired this season; the break occurred between the two gates and not where the boat lands; examined the place where the break occurred and found the timbers pretty rotten. There were five or six lights on the wharf and they burned brightly; remembers only one pile sticking when the wharf broke. Rev. W. S. Starr was on the pier before the accident and sent a messenger to have the gates closed; thought it a fair estimate to say there were 1,300 people on the excursion. The pier is a mass of patching from one end to the other. After the crash he found the outer gate open; thought it was closed five minutes before.

John Connor, special officer at Tivoli, was at the pier half an hour before the arrival of the barge, and found about 200 people there; told them they would have to go on shore, but they didn't go; went toward the inner gate and closed it; warned the people if they didn't go back when the boat arrived there would be a rush and many of them would surely go overboard; called on a committee for assistance to keep the gate closed, but did not get it; was at the gate when the crash occured; opened the gate at the time; thought there were about 150 or 200 on the pier when the break took place; the timber of the pier appeared to be pretty good, there was some dry rot.

Jas. Goonell, of the excursion, examined the wharf at the break and took a piece of timber of which the wharf was built. Part of one of the joists supporting the floor of the pier was shown and was entirely rotten. He did not at any time hear the people warned to keep back.

Frank DeBellens, proprietor of Tivoli, testified that the break was at not twenty or thirty feet. The barge did not strike the wharf.

Investigation was proceeding at midnight with no probability of concluding for several hours. The testimony of witnesses already given will doubtless cover all the facts brought to light.

The Great Strike.

NEW YORK, July 24. Striking telegraph operators met to-day at Clarendon Hall. Over 400 were present. It was announced that cable operators at Duxbury, Mass., and North Sydney, Cape Breton, had struck. A communication from Chairman Campbell of the executive committee of the brotherhood instructed all operators of the Southern Telegraph Company and the Postal Telegraph Company, handling business on southern lines to take nothing coming from the Western Union, American Rapid or Baltimore and Ohio Companies.

The Western Union in an official bulletin says that in order to meet in an official manner the numerous inquiries addressed to Western Union authorities regarding business and the influence and progress of the strike, it has been determined by the officers to make twice a day bulletin after a statement for the press of the country. It is learned that at two o'clock to-day, according to the company's log, western business was up and in good shape; they were sending on their wires to New Orleans with only fifty minutes on hand; that they were up on Pittsburg and Buffalo, but business west of Pittsburg and Buffalo was two or three hours behind, and that business to St. Louis was several hours behind. Business bound west of Chicago was in good shape and up, but all that coming east by way of Chicago was considerably delayed there on account of trouble in the wires between Pittsburg, Buffalo and the west.

KANSAS CITY, July 24.—Telegraph operators continue to come from other places. There were five accessions to-day to the company's force, and six new members were admitted to the brotherhood. Strikers manifest increased confidence on account of encouraging reports from eastern cities to-day. Many of them are taking advantage of the strike to visit their homes in the vicinity.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.—Fifteen branch offices of the American Rapid Company have closed. All business is now conducted at the main office, which is in charge of all except the managers and two female operators. At the office of the Baltimore and Ohio Company the same state of affairs exists. All operators are in the strike except the chief, who says business is at a standstill. President Dowdy of the local branch of the Brotherhood of Telegraphers sends to the press a circular addressed to the public, in which he calls attention to the impression which prevails to some extent that the executive board of telegraphers inexorably insists upon all or nothing, and that the strikers therefore are responsible for the inconvenience which the public is suffering. This, he says, is an erroneous impression, as the board has always been ready to consider proposals having in view a settlement of the difficulties, but that thus far the telegraph companies have positively refused to recognize the board as representative of their employes. Events of the past few days have clearly shown that the board does represent the telegraphers of the country. A satisfactory adjustment of difficulties it is claimed could be quickly arrived at if too several corporations would recognize and treat with the executive board, chosen by telegraphers for the purpose.

PITTSBURG, July 24.—It was reported here to-night that the Telegraphers' Brotherhood were considering the advisability of calling out operators on Gould lines unless the Western Union acceded to their demands. Grand Secretary Hughes was interviewed regarding the report and he refused either to affirm or deny it. The situation of the strike is unchanged.

At Oil City this afternoon the oil exchange held a meeting and adopted a resolution appointing a committee to build an independent line between Bradford, Oil City and Pittsburg, with a possibility of extending to other points.

CHICAGO, July 24.—A circular has been sent out from headquarters of the brotherhood in this city to superintendents of roads centering here. The gist of the circular is that the brotherhood does not wish to interfere with railroad traffic, but may be compelled to do so in self protection by calling out its members unless railway managers cease aiding the telegraph company by sending their men to work for it. The roads to which the circular was sent are the Baltimore & Ohio, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, Chicago & Alton, Chicago & Atlantic, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago & Western and Illinois Central and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. It will be noticed that none of the eastbound pool lines are included in the list. Telegraphers claim that of 16,000 members of the brotherhood 9,000, or more than half, are employed by railroads and assert that they are prepared if absolutely pushed to it to call them out.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Twenty-five students were arrested at St. Petersburg last week; cause unknown.

Agent Delano who has been investigating charges against Revenue Collector Finnell of Covington, Ky., exonerates him and recommends that charges be dismissed.

Three negroes, James, Wm. Craig and James Quinn, have been arrested at Oberlin for dragging a 14-year-old colored girl into a livery stable about midnight on Sunday and ravishing her.

Mary Alice Tearle has secured an absolute divorce from her husband, George Osmond Tearle, the actor. The court fixed alimony at $4,000 a year and $500 additional for the support of each child.

The jury in Orth Stein's case reported at midnight that they could not agree, whereupon the judge instructed them to return for further deliberation, and adjourned to 9 o'clock this morning.

Estimates have been made at the treasury department which, although not quite perfected, seem to indicate the possibility of a call for 3½ per cent. bonds to a considerable amount, about $2,000,000, before the close of the present month.

MANITOU.

Numerous Arrivals and Personal Notes.

Mr. Will W. Nichols was one of the guests in Denver yesterday.

Mr. O. H. Simons, of Leadville, an old timer, is at the Manitou.

Mr. W. H. Miller, of Covington, Ky., is registered at the Manitou.

The hotel house business is very sensitive to changes in the weather.

There will be a G. A. R. excursion from Denver to Manitou to-morrow.

The reporter was advised that if he wanted news he had better go to Denver.

Mr. A. B. Measham, of the Manitou house, returned from a trip to Denver yesterday.

Yesterday was a dull day. One person likened it in that respect to a winter Sunday.

Mr. Wesley Austin, of the Laclede hotel, St. Louis, is registered at the Beebee house.

Last evening's eleven o'clock train from Denver brought quite a number of people from Manitou.

Mr. G. W. Ballantine, of Lincoln, Neb., who is connected with the Burlington & Missouri road, is with a party at the Beebee.

Messrs. Harry D. Sheldon, Fred Joy, Harry B. Joy and Frank H. Ferguson, of Detroit, Mich., who are making a western tour, are at the Beebee.

Mr. Alanson T. Greenwood and Miss May Miller, both of Denver, were married near the Iron Spring yesterday by the Rev. W. F. Bickford.

Yesterday's Denver Republican had a long article on "Our Resorts." Nearly a column is devoted to Manitou and a picture of the town is given.

In another part of this paper will be found the new cut of the bath house. On the book paper it makes a very nice picture indeed. The plate is rather too fine for newspaper work.

The fish pond in front of the Cliff house is worthy of mention. The fountain in the center, the ducks, and the golden carp, with the seaweed around the pond make up a very pretty scene. The ducks and the fish do not entirely understand each other, but this fact does not take away from the interest of themselves and their surrounding.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Manitou House—Mrs Thos H Selby, San Francisco; Mrs H M Kimball, St Louis; Mrs Robert Lyell, Brooklyn, N Y; Mrs M L Johns, Denver; Miss May Kimball, St Louis; Mrs E H Rose and child, Mrs A Todd, Chicago; Miss O E P Stokes, Miss Lindley, Miss C P Stokes, New York; O H Simons, Leadville; W H Miller, Covington, Ky; Mrs T J Alexander, Boston, Geo Baldwin.

Beebee House—Miss Kitty Newkirk, Rockford, Ill; Mrs A H Henderson, Miss Mamie Henderson, J L Barton and wife, Louisville, Ky; C B Canfield, Boston; Geo W Van Slick, New York; Harry B Sheldon, Fred Joy, Harry B Joy, Frank H Ferguson, Detroit; G W Ballantine, wife and two children, Miss May Ballantine, Lincoln, Neb; Mrs Ella Ballantine, Atchison, Kan; O S Newell and wife, San Antonio, Tex; Wesley Austin, St Louis; Mrs Austin, Fayetteville, N Y.

Barker's—Hertford P Brown, Rochester, Pa; Frank Seifried and wife, Georgetown; Mrs Thos H Selby, San Francisco; Mrs J M Rand, Littleton, N H; Miss H Goodman, Cincinnati; Miss L L Bachelder, Chicago; Miss L E Stoughton, Boston.

Norris House—Ed Abner, Fredericksburg, Va; Geo W Curry, Denver; Wallace Ferry, Adrian, Mich; L A Pease, Colorado Springs; S P Chase, Kate Chase, Emporia, Ks.

Cliff House—M W Wilcox and wife, Nebraska; G W Martin and family, Illinois; H W Stormer, Manitou; Theo Ash, Texas.

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All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. SIBELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

SCHOOL BONDS

Yesterday at the meeting of the tax payers of this school district, the proposition to vote $12,000 for bonds for the erection of a new school house was voted down. We think this action was ill advised and extravagantly economical. The call for the meeting asked that $20,000 be appropriated. This seemed to many conservative people a large amount to issue now as our business interests are not particularly bright, and as the imperative demand for another building was not understood by many voters. Accordingly there was a large and respectable opposition to the issuing of bonds among the best friends of education in this city. But the opposition was due more to the want of proper information than to the fact that the position of the school board was not reasonable and wise. We think that opposition should have ceased when the school board asked for $12,000 for a new school house instead of the $20,000 in the call and set forth so clearly and forcibly the need of additional school room. Undoubtedly the original resolution as amended to make the issue of bonds $5,000 would have carried had not those who wished a substantial building instead of wasteful expenditure of money for a makeshift, voted against it. As it is the school board are sadly crippled in any attempt to relieve the pressing necessities of our school population. The board stated that last year one teacher taught eighty pupils in the morning and seventy different ones in the afternoon or one hundred and fifty in all. Many pupils cannot attend school but half the time because there is not room. Some rooms which have not seating room for over fifty have eighty in attendance, and the surplus are seated around the teacher's stand or wherever a seat can be stuck in. The result is that some teachers have more scholars than they can properly teach, and the overcrowded rooms have bad air and headaching occupants. The committee showed quite conclusively that at least four new school rooms were required. The school board had one plan and the majority of those present a variety, which we will briefly consider.

First—The school board asked for $12,000 with which it intended to build a substantial stone or brick building containing four rooms. The site was to be in the Third ward, which is most in need of a school building. This plan we think is wise, though it is possible that the proper kind of a building could be put up for less than $12,000, possibly for $9,000 or $10,000. This will give relief to our crowded schools for two or three years, and will be a permanent improvement that will make a part of a system of school buildings in the future that must be built. Schools for primary grades must be scattered over the city, as the young children cannot go long distances to school. It is only a question of time when the shabby, inconvenient and unhealthful wooden buildings in the Second and Fourth wards must be replaced by more substantial buildings, capable of better sanitary regulations. The Third ward will have its building, and the work won't have to be done over again.

Second. Several favored a plan to put up a wooden building in the Third ward like the present ones in the Second and Fourth wards. But this plan will be extravagant because not permanent. The committee are unanimous that a cheap wooden building cannot be made comfortable and have the approved sanitary features characteristic of modern public schools. The committee have had experience and the majority of those favoring such a plan have not. This ought to count for a good deal. We are opposed therefore to the erection of any cheap temporary building. It will not give the comforts now needed, and will soon have to give place to a better structure if we intend good, healthful, comfortable buildings for our schools.

Third—Many favored renting additional rooms until we could afford to build. This would be wise if there were suitable rooms to rent, but there are not. It would necessitate the hiring of at least two houses and extensive improvements to adapt the houses to school purposes. The rooms would be smaller and in all probability require an extra teacher. This would be the most extravagant plan proposed. The first plan would put us only to an expense of $720 as interest on bonds until we begin to raise a sinking fund. The renting plan, if carried out for two years, would put us to the following expenses. Few buildings would furnish over two rooms. Four rooms are needed, and two buildings would be required. At a rental of $20 a month for each building the rental of the two buildings for two years would be $960. The cost of preparing these buildings for school purposes would probably be $250 each or $500. The property owner would probably wish the building restored to a tenement house which would cost $300 more at a low estimate. The small rooms would probably require an extra teacher at an expense of $500 a year or $1,000 for the two years. This would involve an expense of $2,760 in the place of $1,440 interest on the bonds. The schools would not be comfortable and we should not have anything after the time was up. This is the most extravagant plan of all.

These are the leading plans and we have expressed our opinion as to their wisdom. The only objection to the first plan is that this is not the time to issue bonds because business is not good. It seems to us that that this is a reason for taking the course that will make our taxation lightest for the present. Issuing bonds will have this effect. It is much cheaper to pay interest on bonds than the renting plan, or the extravagant waste in putting up a cheap unhealthful building for temporary use. It will not hurt our credit because we are about to pay off $20,000 in bonds and, if the $12,000 are issued, our bonded debt in November next will be less than it is now. There are plenty of ways to economize besides at the expense of the health and education of the youth of this city. The pay of a single policeman would pay the interest on the bonds of this new building. We all think additional provisions are necessary. The plan of the school board will give the greatest comfort and be least burdensome to the tax payer.

But this plan has been rejected, and the school board find the new school year rapidly approaching and the taxpayers have declined to help them. There are the three following courses open to them

First—Use the present accommodations for another year. This will necessitate keeping many scholars out of school for a part of the time. The board can arrange that certain grades be divided into divisions and that each division attend school two, three or four days in a week as circumstances permit. This would be a great mistake and cast a blot on the fair name of the city which would be known as declining to give good school advantages to its school children.

Second—The board could rent rooms which would be an extravagant plan

Third—It can issue another call for a meeting of the taxpayers to consider again the voting of bonds. We think with proper understanding and discussion the taxpayers will vote at least $10,000 in bonds for a new school house.

We hope the board will call another meeting. It will of course be loth to do this, as the taxpayers did not receive its proposition very kindly yesterday. But something must be done and done immediately. It is is the simplest and easiest plan. If defeated, the board can have the satisfaction of knowing it has spared no means to provide adequate advantages for the school population of this city.

* * *

Salt Lake City

From Salt Lake City and Utah By Ways, by Edwards Roberts

Salt Lake City is built on the lower slopes of a mesa running down from the Wasatch mountains toward the shores of the great Salt Lake. Back of the town rises the Wasatch range, broken here into many sized cones, and deep verdant cañons. Beyond the valley are the indistinct outlines of more mountains, while to the west rises the sloping wood-covered Oquirrh range, ending abruptly in the north at the shores of the lake. The city itself is a place of wide streets, well built houses, shade trees, trim gardens and long avenues. The public buildings are mostly owned by the Mormons, and add much to the beauty of the town. Indeed, Young and his followers must have had an unusual amount of good taste. Not only did they select as a site for their city a mesa which commands an extended view, but they planned that all streets should run at right angles to one another, and, consequently, there are formed all over the city squares of green sward filled with trees, private dwellings and stores. This regularity of design is noticed at the very first. Everything is free, wide, light and open. The sun has unlimited freedom, and its warm rays are rarely excluded by high walls or narrow ways. It is a very common practice to compare the city to Edinburgh, or some thriving New England village, but after all the fact remains that no other place is exactly like it. Salt Lake City has an Arcadian simplicity, but is never commonplace. The public buildings, the stores, the homes, all have a peculiar beauty and attractiveness of their own. They are light colored, clean and pretty. No grim stains of smoke have soiled, no dull hues surround them. The private homes have an air of solid comfort, and are in the midst of bright green lawns, flower beds, and an abundance of shade trees. Down the sides of the streets run fresh streams of water which have come from the mountains, and which carry off all the city refuse. The climate is delightfully free from nearly all impurities, and the air is invigorating and full of health giving properties. In summer the days are rarely uncomfortably hot, and winter is robbed of its usual terrors by the encircling ranges, which serve to protect the valley and city from the cold winds of other regions. In early spring, the trees, shrubs and various vines convert Salt Lake into a veritable bower of greenness; and in the fall, the colorings brought by the frost are as varied as the hues of a rainbow, and may be seen stretching far up the sides of the mountains, and filling with prismatic lights the neighboring parks and canons. But during all seasons of the year, the mighty hills, thrown into every imaginable shape by some terrible convulsion of nature, never lose their beauty or their grandeur. The pointed cones, tipped with purest layers of snow the long, sloping sides, the wooded gorges, and the serrated lengths, stretching far into a shadowy distance, change their colorings with every hour of the day. Rosy when the sun first flashes its light upon them at early morning, they are brown at noonday, and purple at evening when the day is done and the sun sinks into its rest behind them. Now the storm clouds toss and roll about the higher peaks, and anon the pointed cones are sharply outlined against a deep blue, high arched sky. Nor are the ranges ever the same in their shapes. To-day a summit has one appearance, when seen in a certain light, and to-morrow it takes another and different one. Now there is a hazy softness which hides all ugly scars and forms a compact mass, and again the air becomes so crisp and clear that all the rocks and deep, dark canons the isolated peaks, and the wood covered projections, are displayed and magnified, and converted to twice their usual size. The mountains of Utah are to the people of the territory what the sea is to those who live upon its shores. And to the residents of Salt Lake City, the Wasatch and the Oquirrh ranges are objects of devoted admiration and love.

* *

Changes in Cattle Raising.

Texas Correspondence Philadelphia Press

Perhaps the greatest change that is coming to all the southwestern country is the transfer of the young cattle to northern climates to be matured. Soon Texas and all this country will be a great cattle breeding section, but not a cattle raising. The cows and calves thrive best in this warm climate, but the steers do better in Montana or any of the other northern territories. Cattle driven from here to a northern climate as yearlings are worth $10 more a head when three years old than if matured here and the cost of transfer is only about $1 a head. Already many of the large cattle firms have their breeding ranges here and their maturing pastures in Montana or Dakota. This division of the business is growing rapidly, and is bound to increase. Especially is this true of the larger dealers, who are able to own two ranches. This class is increasing every day. Great cattle companies having millions of capital are reaching out into all directions. Very soon they will buy the young cattle of the smaller herdsmen and drive them north, as well as those they themselves breed. This very drift of the business has induced the ranchers of Texas to introduce upon their ranges flocks of sheep to feed with the cattle. This has never been done until recently, but is another evidence of the great changes that are constantly taking place in stock raising in Texas. It is a great business, it yields a large and certain profit. It is attracting more capital than mines, and brings a more certain reward for labor given and capital invested. Volumes could be written upon its interesting phases, but what I have heretofore written and what this letter contains will give the reader some little idea of the trade that has suddenly grown into an industry, the nature and extent of which can hardly be imagined by one who has never studied its details.

*

Shortcomings of the Virginia Negro

Charles Dudley Warner

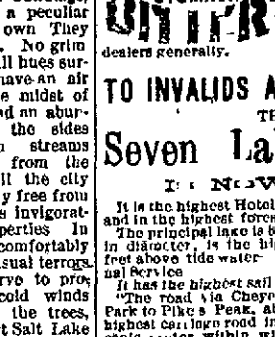
The second generation, grown up since the war, is not without education, but it wholly lacks discipline and sense of responsibility. Naturally, having escaped out of slavery, it regards liberty, which is often interpreted license, as the chief good, and it is very slow to learn the habits of industry and thrift. Idle and ill clad negroes about the streets are a common sight, perhaps the women are more industrious, they certainly develop a fondness for dress and cheap jewelry but their morals are not a recognizable quality among the assets of character. The negroes—and it is the same wherever I went in the state are gregarious, they like to live in town, to huddle together in close neighborhoods, and a good many in a tenement. Many of them own little places and cheap houses of their own, but their present ambition does not go beyond a hand to-mouth existence. A good many of the girls go to the White Sulphur and other watering places in the summer, and pick up enough in one way and another to keep them during the winter. Some of them who are single, or have become so by the loss of their husbands, frankly say that they prefer to remain alone rather than undertake the support of an idle darkey—too many "good for-nothing niggers" around seems to be their point of view. The long and short of it is that the colored brother likes to enjoy himself with as little exertion as possible, and he has equal delight in religion, balls and dancing, and larking around in the night generally. His religion has no relation to morals, it is something to be enjoyed for its own sake.

*

Over Niagara in a Rubber Ball

The Suburban

Captain Webb proposes to go over Niagara Falls in a rubber ball four and one half feet in diameter and one-fourth of an inch thick. The captain will enter this ball when it will be closed air tight. Air will then be forced into the ball until it will bear any outside pressure to which it may be subjected. This ball will then be carried into the river from the Canada side, cast off and allowed to follow the current over the great falls. A point has been selected where a ball, when cast off, follows the current over the center of the Horse Shoe Falls. Here the river is free from rocks, and the water at the crest of the fall is about twenty feet deep. To determine whether or not life would exist in a ball while the passage is being made, a dog was inclosed and sent over the falls, and came out alive. In response to a question the captain said that he expected to be shaken up, but he had been shaken up many times before, and guessed he could stand it.



No time should be lost if the stomach, liver and bowels are affected to adopt the sure remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases of the organs named beget others far more serious and a delay is therefore hazardous. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, chills and fever, early rheumatic twinges, kidney weakness bring serious bodily trouble if trifled with. Lose no time in using this effective and safe medicine. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. dwg ly

TO INVALIDS AND TOURISTS!

THE

Seven Lakes Hotel

IS NOW OPEN

It is the highest Hotel of the kind in the world and in the highest forest.

The principal lake is 80 feet deep and one mile in diameter, is the highest in the world, 11,427 feet above tide water. [Report of the U S Signal Service

It has the highest sail boats in the world.

"The road via Cheyenne Canon and Beaver Park to Pike's Peak, about 13,000 feet, is the highest carriage road in the world, and the volcanic crater, within which are the Hotel and Lakes is the highest and largest in the world. It does not militate against the crater that it has but one opening. —[Chancellor of the Kansas State University.

Professor Spring says: 'The scenery is extraordinary, sublime beyond description.'

Said the pyrotechnist who made the fire works for the great Masonic celebration in Chicago: 'I never felt so near the Great White Throne as when beholding these stupendous remains of God Almighty's fire works.'

Rev H C Crane says: "Along the Cheyenne road, and at the Lakes, the views are glorious. By the old lake-bed, over 13 000 feet in the air, I found many precious crystals. I have never felt so happy since my marriage day."

Rev Mrs Crane, 'All this, and heaven too.'

Bierstadt, the Rocky Mountain artist: "I never grow weary of looking at it. It changes every hour. Cheyenne mountain, over the crest of which runs the road to the Lakes and Pike's Peak, is the only mountain in the world which rises without a base. From the prairies it boldly springs up 4,000 feet."

Various journals notably the Atlantic Monthly and 'H H', speak kindly of the House, Lakes and road.

'O, for some kind friend to kick me up another hill,' said Mark Twain before the road was made.

The water and highly developed air, ozone (or pressed oxygen) cure many diseases. Exhaustion, nervousness and every symptom of paralysis disappear. So with many lung and heart troubles.

The Hotel is four miles from Pike's Peak (official survey) carriage way three miles. Everything in Hostelry, Guides, Couriers, Horses, Burros, Tents, Lunches, etc, furnished at reasonable rates. Goat's or cow's milk for invalids. Stage twice a week. Address or call on

Dr A. C. SMITH, or
M G SMITH,
Tejon st., opposite El Paso Club
eod 26-tf

Administrators' Notice.

The undersigned, having been appointed administrators of the estate of Margaret F Jesse, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby give notice that they will appear before the county court of El Paso county at the court house in Colorado Springs, at the July term on the last Monday in July next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 24th day of June A D 1883

I M. HARDWICK,
C R HUSTED,
Administrators.

w1 30-1



Denver and Rio Grande Ry

IN

COLORADO
NEW MEXICO
AND UTAH

THE NEW SCENIC ROUTE TO

UTAH, MONTANA,

AND THE

Pacific Coast,

The best route, because

THE MOST CONVENIENT,
THE MOST PICTURESQUE,
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Opening to the Ranchmen over a million acres of fertile land, to the Stock Grower vast ranges yet unclaimed and to the Miner regions rich in the precious metals

THE

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FAVORITE ROUTE.

FOR PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
Between all the most important Cities and Mining camps in Colorado and Utah. Over 1,500 miles of Standard and Narrow Gauge, splendidly equipped and carefully managed.

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Is operated in connection with the railway and guarantees prompt and efficient service at reasonable rates

D C DODGE, General Manager
F C NIMS, Gen Pass & Tkt Agt

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Chicago & North-Western

RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST! BEST CONSTRUCTED! BEST EQUIPPED! and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTHWEST

It is the SHORT, SURE and SAFE route between

Council Bluffs

—AND—

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE

And all points EAST, such as

Niagara Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago & North-Western and the U P. R'ys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint union depot.

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle routes.

Palace Drawing Room Cars

Are run on all through trains of this road

It is the ONLY ROAD between

COUNCIL BLUFFS and CHICAGO

Upon which is run the celebrated

Imperial Dining Cars.

Insist upon ticket agents selling you tickets via this road. Examine your tickets and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western railway

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All ticket agents sell tickets by this line

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W. N. BABCOCK, General Agent,
Windsor Hotel Block, Denver.

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At Gazette Office.

F. G. ROWE,
Real Estate.

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On good real estate security

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Invited to

Following Properties

FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN —Beautiful 5 roomed cottage in excellent location with nice lawn and trees. Can be bought within a few days for $3,500, small payment down and balance in monthly payments

Residence of 7 rooms in a splendid location on North Nevada ave, hot and cold water in kitchen and bath room, finely shaded lawn, stable, $4 000

75x190 feet in best portion of N Tejon st with story and a half house of 6 rooms, good lawn, evergreens, box elders, maples, lilacs, flowering shrubs, etc, 40 young fruit trees, apple, pears, and plums, grape vines, currants, etc, $4,500.

CHANCE TO SAVE RENT —A story and a half house in one of the best locations in the city can be had on monthly payments

Pretty place on Corona st, $1,200

A prime dairy and agricultural ranch of 440 acres on the Divide, 3 miles from cheese factory, house of 5 rooms, stable, shedding, etc, two living springs on place, $2,500

Vacant lot facing Alamo square, $650

Vacant corner 110 feet front on South Tejon st, 190 feet fronting south, $650

Corner lot on N Nevada ave with small house, garden with currants, gooseberries and raspberries, $550

BUILDING LOTS ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS —I still have a few lots left which I will sell at low figures to desirable parties who will agree to build a neat cottage and plant trees. Will sell to such parties for small payment down and $10 per month until paid

Three roomed house Corona st, $400

Ranch, 2½ miles south of city, 1 100

Neat cottage of 5 rooms, parlors finished in native wood, $1,500

Corner lot, North Nevada ave, 100x190 $1,800

New house of 5 rooms, Kiowa st, $1,350

Business property on Tejon st, $1,600

Ranch on the Fountain with 6 miles of fencing and good improvements, plenty of water, $5,000, pays well

Two story residence on North Weber st, newly furnished, $4,200

Beautiful residence of 6 rooms centrally located on N Tejon st., bath room hot and cold water, parlors finished in native wood, dining room floor of Georgia pine oiled stone cellar, $5,500

FOR RENT
FURNISHED

House of 7 rooms N Nevada ave, bath room, hot and cold water $50

House of 9 rooms N Cascade ave, hot and cold water above and below, bath room, stone cellar, $60

House of 6 rooms, central location on Nevada ave, $35

4 roomed cottage, Kiowa street, $18

House of 5 rooms, Cucharras st, $20

House of 9 rooms, N Nevada avenue, completely furnished, $60

UNFURNISHED

4 roomed cottage Huerfano st, $12
8 roomed house, Cascade ave, $40
5 roomed house, Pike's Peak ave, $1
6 roomed house, Wahsatch ave, $25
4 roomed cottage, Corona st, $10
5 roomed house, Weber st, $18
5 roomed house, Cucharras st, $12
9 roomed house, Kiowa st, $20
Several desirable business places

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited

Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE,
No. 7, North Tejon St., Opp. Opera House.

GIFFIN CRISSEY   G W THOMAS

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Whittemore & Hallowell,

REAL ESTATE

Loans and Insurance.

Take charge of and Manage Property, Collect Rents, Pay Taxes, &c

Rooms 5 and 6, Times Building,
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"Souvenir" Bangle Ring.
Any Initial Engraved & sent free ... $1 10
U.S. BRODIE & CO. Manufacturing Jewelers,
4 ? Larimer Street, Denver Colorado
Send Stamp, Estate Letter wanted
dw e 10-3m

HERMANN'S CAFE,

Manitou, Colo.,

Is now open to the public and especially built for pleasure parties. Reasonable arrangements can be made for dinners suppers and picnics. Ladies parlors, dance hall and dining room are free of charge. Hotel accommodations reasonable. Fine wines, liquors and cigars always on hand. [f-3-ly] F HERMANN Prop

Notice of Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the county court of El Paso county in the state of Colorado, made at the June term thereof for said county, A D 1883 upon the petition of the undersigned as administrator of the estate of Edmund F Murray, deceased against Eliza Murray et al, the undersigned will on the 21st day of July next, at the east door of the court house of El Paso county in the city of Colorado Springs, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public vendue the following described real estate situate in the county of El Paso, state of Colorado to wit: The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 7, township 15 range 66, being forty acres more or less of pasture and timber land. Also lot No 1, in block No 258, in addition No 1 in the city of Colorado Springs, together with the buildings thereon situated. Terms of sale cash. No conveyance will be made till the sale has been reported to and approved by said court.

JAMES N MURRAY
Administrator of the estate of Edmund F. Murray, deceased
June 28th, 1883   wt-30-4

Wills & Sharples

REAL ESTATE

Insurance.

Fire Insurance Written in the Best American and Foreign Companies

Over 200 Lots in all Parts of the City for Sale at Moderate Prices.

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

Improved Properties in Good Locations on Easy Terms.

$10,000 TO LOAN

On approved Real Estate security in sums to suit borrowers

FOR RENT.
FURNISHED.

The Wheeler House, corner Pike's Peak avenue and Nevada, handsomely and completely furnished 9 rooms and bath room

Handsomely and minutely furnished house 8 rooms and bath room on best part of North Weber per month $80

House of 14 rooms ... on Tejon street. Suitable for a boarding house and restaurant. Per mo, $...

House of 14 rooms on Cascade avenue good stable per mo $50

Handsomely furnished residence of 8 rooms on Weber street stable and all conveniences per mo, $85

Nicely furnished house of 9 rooms on Corona street per month, $40

SPECIAL.

The I J Hand ranch near Monument Park 320 acres 8 room house, furnished, large barn and ice house. Can be bought at a bargain or for rent on very reasonable terms. Everything very complete

The Palmer cottage Manitou Park, house of 8 rooms handsomely and completely furnished. Good stable. 30 acres of ground. A choice summer residence, for sale at a bargain

Completely furnished house of 5 rooms and bath room on North Weber st. per month $50

Handsomely furnished house of 7 rooms and bath room on North Cascade per month $60.

Well furnished house of 9 rooms stable on North Tejon st, per month $65.

STORE ROOMS.

A small shop suitable for a shoemaker per mo $...

Two very desirable offices in the Stratton block

A double storeroom on N Tejon at a very reasonable rental

UNFURNISHED.

... house of 7 rooms ... stable, everything complete per month $50

... cottage ... fruit trees ... Everything in first class order. Can give possession in June ...

House ... best part of North Weber per month $...

Good house of 7 rooms with stable on North Weber street per month $18

New house ... on Cascade ave very central $15

House of 7 rooms on North Tejon st per month $...

House of 4 rooms on Nevada per month $15

House of 8 rooms facing south on Pike's Peak avenue per month $...

House of 7 rooms Wahsatch and Pike's Peak per month $30

New house, 6 rooms on St Vrain east of Tejon per month $...

OFFICE, NO 19 N TEJON STREET
Opp. Opera House.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for our card rates

DR B. ST. GEO. TUCKER

RESIDENCE, S. E. corner Pike's Peak avenue and Weber street. Office, Opera House. e-25-tf

DR W. I. BARTLETT,
DENTIST,

OFFICE over the post office. Office hours 9 a m to 12 m and 2 to 5 p m. f-4-ly

DR. W. K. SINTON,
DENTIST.

Removed from Prewitt Block to Dr Cooper's office, Kiowa street, between Tejon and Nevada. Engagements by Telephone. g-6-tf

DR. C E EDWARDS,
DENTIST

ROOMS opposite the Opera House. Engagements can be made by telephone. d 10-tf

FOWLER & PALMER
DENTISTS.

ROOMS in Prewitt Block, Tejon street opposite Giddings & Stillman's f 17 tf

DR. W. N MESERVE,
DENTIST

UNION BLOCK

E. D. SANFORD, M. D
Physician and Surgeon.

ROOM D, ORIEL BLOCK. Office hours—10 a m to 12 m, 2 to 4 p m and 7 to 8 p m. ...-tf

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Successor to Owen & Campbell

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite post office. Rooms ... Stratton's block. ...-tf

F. W. CONE,
Contractor and Builder,

At Stratton's old stand on Huerfano street. ...tf

TRADE DIRECTORY

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branches of trade and address. Any other matter in here will be charged for at our card rates.

W C T U

The W C T U meets ... and 4th Tuesdays each month in the Y M C A rooms.

MEAT MARKETS

FARRAR & SPEERS MARKET ... H Neff & ... fresh and salt meats, poultry, fish and game. ... The only market in the city that ... g ly-tf

NORTH END MARKET, cor Tejon and Kiowa. ... wholesale and retail dealer in the choicest cuts of all kinds of beef and state butter and eggs. I make a specialty of ... oysters, fish, game, etc. Orders by telephone will receive prompt attention. k-1 tf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

[illegible] Election of the [illegible] for the [illegible] of A New School Building

In [illegible] with the call [illegible] published in the Gazette for the past four weeks [illegible] a meeting of the legal voters of Colorado Springs school district [illegible] at the [illegible] school building yesterday afternoon to vote on the proposition of issuing bonds for the erection of a school building and to substitute bonds for old bonds. Mr. D B Fairley read the call under which the voters had assembled, and Dr Corry read the state law giving them authority for calling the election

Mr A Sagendorf said that the board had concluded not to issue any bonds to substitute for the outstanding ones but would only ask for money with which to purchase ground and erect a suitable school building, on Washington avenue between Huerfano and Cucharas streets. From inquiry they had learned that suitable property could be purchased there for $1,100. He explained clearly the crowded condition of our schools and stated that it was absolutely necessary to have more room. The board had studied the matter carefully. To conclude his remarks and bring the matter fairly before the meeting, Mr Sagendorf moved that [illegible] in bonds be voted for the purchase of grounds and the erection of a suitable school building, which motion was seconded by W H Roby

In reply to a request, Mr Sagendorf explained that a four roomed two-story school house with substantial exterior and interior and modern school improvements was needed. As it was, Colorado Springs did not have a decent school building. In the past the school board had got along by building a cheap building here and a cheap building there but he was opposed to spending any more money in this way

President Tenney asked for information as to how many scholars would have to be provided with room, but the question could not be answered. He was in favor of deferring the proposition of issuing bonds for a year or two or until times get better. If a smaller one would answer the purpose wait until a larger and finer building could be erected. Mr Tenney opposed multiplying the issues of bonds in small quantities

Mr Sagendorf asked Mr Tenney [illegible]

Mr Tenney [illegible]

[illegible] France explained that during the last year [illegible] would have to be levied to pay off the balance of the old school indebtedness and to raise an additional school levy would make our taxes rather high

Judge Stewart took the ground that for a town only eleven years of age the schools of Colorado Springs were as good as any in the state. He said he could not see what we wanted of another costly school building. Why not build an additional ward school and in two or three years when times were better erect a fine school building in a central location costing $25,000 or more if necessary. In support of his remarks Mr Stewart offered an amendment to Mr Sagendorf's motion that no bonds at all be issued. This amendment was seconded by Mr Stark

Mr Stark asked if $5,000 would not answer the purpose, to which Mr Sagendorf replied no, that they would rather not have a cent than not enough to erect a decent building

Mr W S. Jackson said that before coming to the meeting he did not know the necessities of the case. He was satisfied that there was no one present but wanted to do what was best for the interests of the schools, and for that reason he would urge that they act not too hastily in either voting for or against the bonds. He said he did not deem it wise to begin to economize by cutting down our educational facilities. If you want to economize do so in other directions. Mr Jackson said that he was one of the largest taxpayers in the city and wanted to see our taxes cut down. He had always thought they were much higher than they ought to be, but money could not be more advantageously expended than for educational purposes. Mr Jackson favored the postponement of the election if it could be legally done in order to give the people opportunity of talking the question over. In concluding he said that the day would never come when the people would not feel that it was hard times, and the community is just as able to build now as they ever will be if they only think so. He then made a motion that when the meeting adjourned it do so subject to the call of the board. This motion was seconded by the Rev Mr Bristol

Dr Corry said that if they were to build at all they would have to do so at once, and for that reason he would oppose the motion to [illegible] if they did adjourn he did [illegible] how the board could present the matter [illegible]

[illegible]

Mr Jackson, [illegible] the people had [illegible] ignorant, and [illegible] majority of them were not there at all, and for them the fullest information should be furnished.

Alderman Roby supported Mr. Jackson in [illegible] He thought [illegible] his opinion that any discussion of the question of issuing or not issuing bonds was out of order. People had come there to vote and the election ought to be allowed to proceed [illegible] be decided by ballot. As to postponement he was opposed to it

Dr Strickler suggested that plans of a building be gotten up that would admit of additions. If they wanted three or four rooms now, build them, and in two or three years add more. This would not bring a very great pressure on the people just at present

President Tenney stated that in his mind there was no doubt but that increased facilities were needed. He however thought that $12,000 would not build the building the city ought to have, and for the present he thought the expense of increased facilities could be bridged over by taxation

Dr Horn said notice of the election had been published four weeks and he did not see how the people could be much better informed than they were at present. This necessity must be met and the people have to rely to a certain extent on the statements presented by the board. If school was in session they could go and see for themselves "We as a board have been placed here to see that your children are properly educated, and have to call on the voters to help us out" The doctor urged the necessity of parents visiting the schools oftener than they did and then they could see for themselves what was needed. As it was they only found out at a meeting like this

Mr C H Mills held that there was only one way out of the difficulty and that was by renting suitable room, for the present

Mr Parker asked if he would please suggest some such building that could be rented.

Mr John Campbell thought that there was no provision in the statute that would permit of the adjournment of an election of this kind

Mr Jackson said that from the talk he had heard on the street, he had come to the meeting with a disposition to vote down the bonds, but now, after hearing the explanation he had from the board he was satisfied they were all right, and he for one would vote for the issuance of $12,000 in bonds. Here Mr. Jackson withdrew his motion to adjourn the election

A [illegible] vote was called for on Mr Stewart's amendment [illegible] was [illegible] by Mr Sagendorf that they could not [illegible] in this way who were and who were not legal voters

It was then proposed that each voter call out his name for or against the amendment so that it could be ascertained from the tax schedule whether they were legal voters or not. While this vote was in progress the chairman Dr Corry, declared Judge Stewart's amendment out of order on the ground of its being a negative one

President Tenney then moved to amend by substituting $5,000 instead of $12,000 in Mr. Sagendorf's motion, which amendment was carried, but the original motion as amended was defeated.

Thus the proposition was lost without taking it to the ballot box and the meeting adjourned

Callender's Minstrels

[From] the Evening Star

Some time ago Messrs. Gustave and Charles Frohman, the well known, wealthy and progressive New York managers, conceived the idea of forming a grand combination to be made up of all the best material to be found in all the colored minstrel troupes in this country. To this end they bent all their energies, and by a prodigal use of money and unceasing efforts, they at last succeeded in obtaining possession of all the companies named above. Even Manager Haverly, whose great organization last year startled and bewildered all Europe, had to give in to the extraordinary inducements held out to them, and the result is that to-day Callender's combined minstrel companies, consisting of both of Callender's old companies, the original Georgia minstrels, Haverly's European minstrels and the Hyers' sisters combination of colored talent, are altogether in one gigantic company—the very cream of the colored talent of both hemispheres singing and acting together on one stage. As the Boston public well knows this great company is now showing at Oakland Gardens, and we will state here that such audiences as they are attracting to that delightful summer theatre are rarely witnessed anywhere. Last evening a Star representative, after witnessing the performance sought out Mr William Welch, one of the traveling managers, under whose direct supervision the entire great performance is put on the stage, and requested him to give the readers of the Star some facts regarding this latest great venture of the Frohmans. Mr Welch is a thorough theatrical man having been in the business more than twenty years

"I can well remember the time," said Mr. Welch, "when I used to play with Buckley's serenaders at Buckley's old opera house, at the corner of Summer and Chauncey streets. That was about twenty years ago, and I can tell you that I have seen some startling changes in the business since then"

"I suppose such an organization as the one your are managing now would have astonished the public in those days" remarked the reporter

"Astonished them! Why they wouldn't have believed that such a thing could have been done as the organization of a company like this. It's something that almost startles me when I think of it. It is a revelation in the way of minstrelsy. Here we have all of the very best and highest priced colored talent in the world showing together on that [illegible] grand entertainment"

"The expenses of the company must be [illegible]" suggested the [illegible]

"Our expenses are $1,000 a week. We pay high salaries to all our people, and they [illegible]"

"How was the company received at its opening engagement at the Grand Opera [illegible]"

[illegible]

"How many people have you in the company?"

"Nearly 40 and every man, woman youth or child is an artist in his or her specialty. We make our entertainment a typical one—typical of life in its principal features on the plantations along the Mississippi [illegible] in the days of slavery, which [illegible] but to attend to that work [illegible]. The [illegible] each feature of the [illegible], and each performer must be perfect in his particular line before he goes on the stage,"

"How do you find your colored pupils as to a matter of understanding your instructions?"

"Some of them it was easy to teach and others I had much difficulty with. But constant care and patience will accomplish the result in every instance where you are sure the germs of natural genius are. The most of our leading performers are, however, experienced and accomplished artists, who long ago finished their stage apprenticeship."

"Do your colored artists receive, comparatively speaking, as high salaries as the famous burnt cork delineator of negro characters?"

"Just as high and in some instances higher. Some of the members of this company are worth money"

"Where do you go from here?"

"We are due in San Francisco in three weeks. We may make one or two short stands en route"

Mr Welch used to be widely known throughout the country as a partner in the well known team of Welch and Rice

Last night Mr. Charles J. Rich, the gentlemanly treasurer and assistant manager of the Oakland Garden, had his hands full in selling tickets, and the chances are that all the seats will be taken for this great show at every entertainment yet to be given

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Colorado Springs, El Paso county Colorado for the week ending July 25th, 1883

Bailey, Mrs Henry A	King, W A
Bailey, Mrs Eliza	Kin[illegible] R L
Borger B	Mathews Miss Laura B
Bradley Willis	Moser, Gus
Brown, James	Murphy, Thomas
Buchanan Ross	Newman, Miss Emma
Cox, G P B	Nixon, Miss I
Dimmick D J	O Connor John
Domich, Mrs Jane M	Ramsey, Eliza (3)
Dimmick Charles (2)	Rankin, Mrs Lucy
Dixon, Miss Jennie	Tadlinger, Jacob H (2)
Feely, Miss Emma	Far, W B
Fulton, Mrs N M	Furney, Mrs Sarah H
Johnson Georgy	

FOREIGN.

Garlano, Corci	Souramario F

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "advertised letters," and give the date of this list. If not called for within thirty (30) days they will be sent to the dead letter office

E I PRICE, P M

The Markets

NEW YORK, July 24 —Governments irregular, railways quiet, states inactive, stocks dull with slight changes until after 2 15, when Wabash preferred fell off 1 per cent to 38¾. The decline in other active shares was unimportant. Shortly before 3 Wabash preferred recovered to 39½ and the remainder of the list was firmer. Active stocks closed within a fraction of the best of the day transactions, 219,000 shares

Mining stocks fairly active. Sierra Grande sold at 88 to 95 cents, Standard Consolidated 6 50 to 6 75, Northern Belle 71, Navajo, 3 00, Eureka 5 00; Chrysolite 1 10; Little Chief 40 cents, Robinson Consolidated 67 to 63. Sales for the day 37,270 shares.

WANTED.

WANTED—A clerk in book store J. H. [illegible] g-25-2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A number one milch cow, perfectly gentle, giving two gallons per day. A F St John, Commercial House g-25-6*

FOR SALE—1,500 sheep California two-year-olds, will shear 8 pounds, 40 rams, Vermont Merino, will shear 20 pounds. Bids will be received for one week. Address L M L, city post office. g-21-6

FOR SALE The largest resturant business in Colorado Springs, at a bargain. Good reasons for selling. Address V H R, lock box 665 g 18-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Furnished or unfurnished house lately occupied by Miss A. A Warren Cor Cascade and Willamette ave's. Apply at office of the Colorado Springs Investment and Improvement Co, Oriel Block, Tejon street. f-1 tf

FOR SALE—Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

LOST.

LOST—A dove, light drab in color, and tame. Any party will be rewarded by bringing it to Mrs Wood, the milliner g 25-2

BOARDING.

Board and rooms at the College Boarding House. Board $4 50 rooms $1.00 to $2 50 per week. Apply at corner Cascade avenue and Columbia st., or to box 65. g-17 tf

Sealed Proposals.

Public notice is hereby given that the board of county commissioners will receive sealed proposals until Monday, July 30th, A D. 1883, at 1 o'clock p m, for materials and the construction of a bridge across Kettle creek, on the Sam Hill road, in El Paso county, Colorado, according to the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the county clerk, each proposal to be accompanied by a certified check of $100 payable to the order of the chairman of the board of county commissioners, as a guarantee of good faith, said check to be returned to the bidder on rejection of proposal or execution of contract. Proposals to be addressed to E J Eaton, county clerk, and indorsed, "Proposals for Bridge. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the Board,

E J EATON, County Clerk.

Colorado Springs, Colo, July 9, 1883. dwg11-15 8

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the matter of the estate of William W Ayer deceased. Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 27th day of August, A. D. 1883 being one of the regular days of the August term of the county court of El Paso county, in the state of Colorado, I, Caroline M Ayer, administratrix de bonis non of said estate, will appear before the judge of said court, present my final settlement as such administratrix, pray the approval of the same, and will then apply to be discharged as such administratrix. At which time and place any person in interest may appear and present objections to the same if any there be.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, June 15, 1883.

CAROLINE M AYER,
Administratrix de bonis non of the estate of William W Ayer deceased. wf-16f

Notice.

A special meeting of the legal voters of School District No. 11, in the county of El Paso, state of Colorado called on the written request of [illegible] legal voters will be held at the stone school house, on the 24th day of July, 1883, at 3 o'clock p m, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition of issuing $20,000 in bonds for the purchase of suitable grounds and the erection thereon of an additional school house in said district, also a portion of said bonds to [illegible] to the residue of bonds outstanding on the 1st day of November, 1881, and not provided [illegible] by sinking fund at that date

J F HUMPHREY, Secretary
School District No. 11, El Paso county g 4 td

BOARDING.

BOARD Excellent board is now supplied at the College boarding house at $4 50 per week. Rooms furnished or unfurnished at $1 per week and upward. Apply in person at corner of Cascade Avenue and Columbia street or letter to A. H. Partridge. g0-17-tf

Common-sense Remedy

SALICYLICA.

[illegible] Rheumatism, Gout [illegible] Neuralgia

Immediate Relief Warranted. Permanent Cure Guaranted.

Five years established and never known to fail in a single case, acute or chronic. Refer to all prominent physicians and druggists for the standing of Salicylica

SECRET!

THE ONLY DISSOLVER OF THE POISONOUS URIC ACID WHICH EXISTS IN THE BLOOD OF RHEUMATIC AND GOUTY PATIENTS

SALICYLICA is known as a common sense remedy, because it strikes directly at the cause of Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia, while so many so-called specifics and supposed panaceas only treat locally the effects

It has been conceded by eminent scientists that outward applications, such as rubbing with oils, ointments, liniments, and soothing lotions will not eradicate these diseases which are the result of the poisoning of the blood with Uric Acid.

SALICYLICA [illegible]

— REMEMBER

that SALICYLICA is a certain cure for RHEUMATISM, GOUT and NEURALGIA. The most intense pains are subdued almost instantly. Give it a trial. Relief guaranteed or money refunded

Thousands of testimonials sent on application

$1 a Box—6 Boxes for $5.

Sent free by mail on receipt of money

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT

But do not be deluded into taking imitations or substitutes or something recommended as "just as good!" Insist on the genuine with the name of Washburne & Co on each box, which is guaranteed chemically pure under our signature, an indispensable requisite to insure success in the treatment. Take no other [illegible]

WASHBURNE & CO., Proprietors,
287 Broadway, cor Reade st New York

F E ROBINSON, Agent.

For sale by O W Church & Co and all leading druggists m-8-15

Sunny Side Cottages,

W. H. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Very desirable place for private boarding located opposite main entrance to the new Bath House and within 200 feet of the principal soda Springs.

Rates $2.00 and $2.50 Per Day.

Manitou Springs, Colo.

g 11-*

W[illegible] & [illegible]
Proprietors of
The Old Reliable Transfer Line
And Dealers in
CANON CITY COAL.

Office [illegible] Coal Yard near freight depot. Orders [illegible] at the hardware store of G. B. Bornman [illegible]

OLD PAPERS!

FOR SALE

AT THE

Gazette Office.

Everleth & Taylor,
Dealers in
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND PROVISIONS,
Corner Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street Colorado Springs

FIRST
National Bank,
OF COLORADO SPRINGS

Capital, - - - *$50,000*
Surplus, - - - *10,000*

IRVING HOWBERT, President
MATTHEW KENNEDY, Cashier
A S WELCH Ass't Cashier

Buys and sell foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business. dw f-17

BARKER HOTEL,

Opposite the Celebrated Shoshone and Soda Springs and New Bath House.

MANITOU SPRINGS, COLORADO

C. W. BARKER, Proprietor. g 13 ly



First Prize Medal, Vienna, 1873.

C. WEIS, MANUFACTURER OF Meerschaum Pipes, SMOKERS' ARTICLES, Etc., *Wholesale and Retail.* Repairing done. Send for circular.
399 BROADWAY, New York.
Factories: 69 Walker St., and Vienna, Austria.
RAW MEERSCHAUM AND AMBER FOR SALE. h-11

Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper
At the Gazette Office.

300 SEWING MACHINES
NOW IN STOCK.

I am sole Agent in El Paso county for the following machines, and shall be pleased to have all who need one come in and examine the different kinds

Victor, Domestic, White, American, Household, Canada Singer.

ALL KINDS OF MACHINES REPAIRED.

C. E. AIKEN,
105 Pike's Peak Avenue.
a 2 tf

A. L. LAWTON.
REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENT

Insurance Carefully Written in the Very Best of Companies

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses for Rent

MONEY TO LOAN ON [illegible]

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S JOHNSON & CO, BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA
CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (For Internal and External Use) CURES Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

MAKE HENS LAY

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist now traveling in this country says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere or sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

F E ROBINSON, wholesale and retail agents dw

The Gazette

JOB DEPARTMENT AND BINDERY

—ARE BY FAR THE

Best Equipped and Most Complete

IN COLORADO.

[illegible] year we have kept continually adding

NEW MACHINERY AND MATERIAL

And our facilities for doing

First Class Work

Are now better than ever

IN THE JOB DEPARTMENT

We are prepared to do the very

BEST OF WORK

AT SHORT NOTICE.

Our Work Will Always Bear Inspection and We Defy Competition in Prices

GIVE US YOUR ORDERS FOR

Note Heads Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Visiting Cards, Dodgers, Statements, Business Cards, Circulars and Printing of all Descriptions.

THE BINDERY

Is now fully established and under the management of a competent and experienced foreman. We can turn out work equal in every respect to that done in the east and at moderate prices.

Especial Attention Given to the Binding of Magazines and Periodicals

BLANK BOOKS

of Any Size and Style Gotten Up on Short Notice.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1883.

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 1. Leadville mail, for Pueblo, El Moro, West Cliff, Leadville and intermediate points, daily, arrive 11.40 a. m., depart 11.52 a. m.

" 3. Leadville express, for Pueblo, Kansas City, Leadville, Frisco, Red Cliff and intermediate points, daily, arrive 10.35 p. m., depart 10.40 p. m.

" 5. Thunderbolt express, for Pueblo, Kansas City, Silverton, and all intermediate and New Mexico points, daily, arrive 4.55 p. m., depart 5 00 p. m.

" 7. Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake, Ogden, San Francisco and all points west, daily, arrive 11.05 p. m., depart 11.10 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 2. Denver express, from Leadville, West Cliff, El Moro, Pueblo and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 3.40 p. m., depart 3.45 p. m.

" 4. Eastern express, from Red Cliff, Frisco, Leadville, Kansas City, Pueblo and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 3.50 a. m., depart 3.55 a. m.

" 6. Thunderbolt express, from Kansas City, Silverton, Pueblo, and all intermediate and New Mexico points, daily, arrive 8.50 a. m., depart 8 55 a. m.

" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Ogden, Salt Lake, Gunnison and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 5 50, p. m., depart 5.55 p. m.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Leave Manitou.
9.00 a. m.	9:30 a. m.
12:05 p. m.	11:10 a. m.
5:03 p. m.	2:15 p. m.
6:10 p. m.	5:27 p. m.
SATURDAYS ONLY.	
10:45 p. m.	10:10 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities east, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleeping cars attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

J. M. McLEON, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway.

GOING SOUTH.	GOING NORTH.
No. 1.....11 [illegible] a. m.	No. 2.....2.40 p. m.

There was considerable excitement over the school election yesterday afternoon.

Everybody was in Denver yesterday at the encampment and the streets were very dull.

The Antlers is rapidly filling up with guests who have come to stay some length of time.

After to-day the Salt Lake express west bound will leave here at 11:02 instead of 11:10 p. m.

The indications are that Colorado Springs will be visited by more people the latter part of this week than ever before.

A marriage license has been issued from the county clerk's office to Alanson T. Greenwood and Miss May Miller, of Denver.

Reserved seat sale for Callender's minstrels at the opera house on Friday night will open at Howbert Brothers' this morning.

The Hyer sisters, who will appear here with Callender's minstrels, played in Colorado Springs four years ago at Court House hall.

Capt. H. L. DeCoursey, formerly in the real estate business here, is now at Crested Butte where he is largely interested in town property.

All south-bound trains from Denver yesterday contained but very few passengers. Wait until after the encampment is over, and then we will get the rush.

Judge Harrison had two cases under consideration in chambers yesterday, one a Buena Vista divorce case and the other one of "Brick" Pomeroy's mining stock cases.

There will be an open-air concert at the Antlers to-night by the First Regiment Cavalry band. It will be followed by a hop given more especially to the guests of the Manitou hotels.

A series of gospel meetings will begin to-night in the Cumberland Presbyterian church, to be held by Rev. R. G. McLesky, of Kentucky. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.

Dr. B. P. Anderson has leased the office now occupied by Mr. F. L. Martin and will next week resume the practice of medicine. This news will no doubt be fully appreciated by his former patrons.

Charley Frohman telegraphed Manager Nye yesterday from Leadville that Callender's minstrels were turning away people there nightly. Mr. Frohman is expected in the city this morning to remain over Sunday.

The green house and the flower garden of Mr. W. F. Weigand are a beautiful sight just now. He has a large number of roses and other flowers in blossom. It is not necessary to send out of town for flowers. His place is on Wasatch avenue about three blocks above the base ball grounds.

At a meeting of the school board held last night Mr. Joab was unanimously elected on the first formal ballot superintendent of our public schools for the ensuing year. Mr. Joab comes from Lake City, Colorado, where he was superintendent of the schools last year. He is said to be in every way qualified for the place.

Orders have been received to continue the run of the Manitou train in connection with the Leadville and Salt Lake express reaching here at 10.30 and 11.02 p. m. until September 1st. This will give people leaving Denver in the evening an opportunity to reach Manitou the same night. Colorado Springs people can also return from there late in the evening.

A large number of the Colorado Springs and Manitou people who have been in attendance at the reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic returned to their homes on the Leadville and Salt Lake express trains last night. Some of them contemplated remaining longer, but were unable on account of the overcrowded condition of Denver to obtain suitable accommodations.

Mr. S. N. Nye has been appointed manager of the Pueblo opera house, and after the first of the month will take charge of the Leadville house. He will then have control of the three houses on the Colorado circuit that are under the direction of the Tabor Grand. Mr. Nye is in every way qualified to fill this position, and will, we feel confident, give general satisfaction to the public.

Arrivals at the Antlers: Frank Wiggin, Corona, Colo; W H Allen, Chicago; H W Morrell, Silverton, Colo; H Rinehart, New York; H L Newman, Miss Lallie Newman, Miss Fannie Newman, Master Henry Newman, Miss Samuel, St Louis; F A Smith, Chicago; J M Menfer, H Harper, Mexico, Mo; Theo Ash, Texas; T B Stearns, Denver; A B Thompson and wife, Manitou; F Gilpin, Ranch; W H Taylor, Waupun, Wis; L E Reed, Ripon, Wis; J W Balch, H P Wallis, Brooklyn; J W Barnard, Westchester, Pa; C H Hubbert, St Louis; Dr R S Warren, Estes Park; G L MacLellan, J L MacLellan, Scotland; Mrs Dr L E Martin and family, Topeka, Ks.

D. & R. G. Earnings.

Auditor E. R. Murphy, of the Denver & Rio Grande railway, under date of July 24, 1883, issues a statement of the approximate earnings for the third week of July. The figures include Utah leased lines and are as follows:

FREIGHT.

Ordinary	$1 101,740	
Government		
Total freight		$104,7[illegible]
PASSENGER.		
Ordinary	$ 27,237	
U. S. troops		
Expresses	6 618	
U. S. mails	2,083	$5,983
Miscellaneous		$6,000
Total, [excluding construction freight]		$116,706
Last year, [excluding construction freight, $2,791]		$111,838
Increase, [31 76-100 per cent.]		$ 35,870
Year to date, [excluding construction freight]		$3,787,[illegible]
Last year to date, [excluding construction freight, $13,870]		3,416,[illegible]3
Increase, [9 38-100 per cent.]		$340,953
Miles operated, [est], 1,643. 1883, 1,066.		
Increase, 54 12-100 per ct.		

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue. 1-31-tf

Ralstin & Fairley, Undertakers and Embalmers, No. 105 Huerfano st., near postoffice. m-31-tf

Citizens, as well as travelers, can save 20 per cent by ordering their livery of Bacon. g-25 tf

Ladies Seal Tan, Walking and Croquet Shoes. Latest styles just received at Weston's f-28-tf

A nice neat residence, completely furnished, for rent, on reasonable terms, for any length of time. Apply at No. 409 North Tejon st. g-15-tf

It is cheaper to take a ride than to stay at home if you order your rigs of W. H. Bacon. g-17-tf

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.

Close connections are now made by the D. & R. G. railroad in Union depot at Denver with the "Burlington Route" trains, thus enabling passengers from this city to take the popular line to all points east, making same time as by other roads with the advantage of going via Denver. Parties anticipating a trip east should procure tickets over this favorite route. Fast time and sure connections to Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago and the east. f-19-tf

PERRY PARK SUMMER RESORT

Is now open for the summer. This delightful resort, situated in the mountains just north of the Divide, will be found to possess all the advantages of pure air, water and fine scenery to be found anywhere in the state, besides being easily accessible only 40 miles from Denver and 26 from Colorado Springs. First-class accommodations. Free carriage meets the 9 a. m. train from the Springs daily. For particulars address P. R. Richard, Larkspur, Colo. g-6-tf

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Church & Co.'s drug store. a-15-tf

Bacon's stable is the one that gives you the nicest turnouts for the least money. Don't forget it while you are contemplating a pleasant day in the mountains. g-17-tf

Ask Them!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs. Church & Co. will fill them correctly and at eastern prices. 1 18 tf

Remember that Ralstin & Fairley are leading in low prices on furniture and queensware. f-17-tf

A GREAT BARGAIN.

Having decided to permanently locate in Denver, I offer for sale my beautiful cottage residence and vacant corner on North Nevada avenue. The entire grounds are graded and set out with the finest selection of small fruits to be found in Colorado, all in bearing condition. The most desirable and the only improved building corner in the North End, and will be sold at a sacrifice, as my failing health makes it impossible for me to attend to it. For particulars inquire at the premises, corner Nevada avenue and Uintah street.

dwg-21-tf E. R. COSSON.

DRUGS! DRUGS!

THE HUERFANO STREET

DRUG STORE

Having changed hands, the manager would respectfully call the attention of physicians and the public generally to the fact that he has added a

Complete Line of New Drugs

to his already heavy stock, and having secured the services of a THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND FIRST-CLASS PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST, from Indianapolis, Ind., he is now prepared to compound accurately all prescriptions, fill all orders and supply the wants of the public generally in the drug line.

C. STOCKBRIDGE, Manager.

h-24-tf

EXCLUSIVE AGENCY FOR SALE OF
W. H. Jackson & Co.'s
COLO. VIEWS.
Hammocks,
Croquet,
Drinking Cups
Wild Flower Books.

J. H. Co. 18

Fine Stationery, etc
6-1-tf.

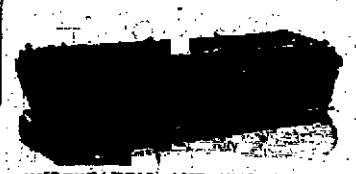
OPERA HOUSE
ONE NIGHT ONLY.
FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 27.
A Monster Mass!
"The heavens opened and the floods came."

Imperial Inauguration of the Great
Callender Minstrel
FESTIVAL
Colossal Congress of Colored Celebrities.

THE FAMOUS
HYERS SISTERS
IN THEMSELVES
A POWERFUL ATTRACTION!

Minstrels may come
And minstrels may go,
But the Callenders go on forever.

Reserved seat sale begins Wednesday morning at Howbert Bros.' Book Store. Usual prices of admission. g-21-t



UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING,
at Eastern Prices, by
Ralstin & Fairley,
107 Huerfano St., Near Post Office.
Telephone No. 65. g-22-3m

WHIPPLE & ROBY
Contractors and Builders,
NEVADA AVENUE.

LAVET,
CAMEO CUTTER!
Large size Medallion cut from fine stone of the Garden of the Gods.
Portraits from Life a Specialty.
References—Bath Black & Co., Tiffany & Co., New York.
In LEDDY'S BLOCK, Manitou, Col.
g-12-1mo

THE SEMPLE HOUSE,
S. E. Cor. Cascade and Vermijo,
is now prepared to furnish good board and lodging at
$5.00 PER WEEK.
f-23-1mo

COLORADO SPRINGS NURSERY.
WM. CLARK, Proprietor.
Plant while the showers last. Window and bedding plants a good stock to select from.
Berry boxes for sales.
Telephone No. 28. dwg-13-tf

Manitou Park Hotel
IS NOW OPEN.
Persons desiring a good country home will find this a good place to spend a few weeks.
LIVERY AND DAIRY IN CONNECTION
This hotel is located 21 miles from Manitou up the Ute Pass, and right in the midst of fine drives, good fishing and hunting.
TERMS:
TRANSIENT, $2 50 PER DAY.
BOARD AND ROOMS, $10 to $12 PER WEEK
BOARD TO CAMPERS, $5 PER WEEK.
Stage leaves Aux & Smith stables, Colorado Springs, every Tuesday and Saturday mornings; for information inquire of Everioth & Taylor and Hooker & Faller. For further particulars address
HENRY JOHNS, Proprietor,
f-21-3m Manitou Park.

Lager Beer, Ale and Porter!
AT THE—
BOTTLING WORKS
COLORADO CITY.
Delivered Daily in Colorado Springs.
Send orders to Colorado City, or box 81 Colorado Springs.

GIVE THE PORTER A TRIAL.
It is highly recommended by medical men for Invalids.
A. STOCKBRIDGE, Proprietor.
c-24-tf

Strayed.

From the Columbian Club House, July 16th, a gray mare, 8 years old, pony built, head and flanks darker than body, branded O on high fore shoulder. I will pay $10 for the return of said mare in good condition, or $3 for information leading to her recovery. A. E. FABYBRIDGE.
f-17-tf



MANITOU SPRINGS BATH HOUSE.
Plunge Bath 33x33; Twenty Enameled Tubs for Mineral Water Baths.

MANITOU BATHS.

The Manitou Bath Company Offer to the Public Two Kinds, of Baths.

THE PLUNGE BATH.

This bath is a stone tank holding 275,000 pounds of water, the temperature of which is maintained at 80° by live steam jets and hot water supply. The water in this tank is constantly changing. In the course of a day 24,000 gallons of fresh water run into it at the bottom and a like amount flows away at the top. Hence it is always fresh and pure.

As this natatorium affords the only place to swim in the country, it has been most liberally patronized during the short time it has been open.

In this high altitude and electrical atmosphere frequent bathing in hot weather is absolutely essential to health. The pores of the skin are not so fully opened as in a lower altitude; perspiration is very scanty, and often actually lacking, so much so that the excretions of the body, which are naturally eliminated by the skin, are retained to some extent, often giving rise to what is known as "mountain fever," and other ailments. This is best avoided by bathing at least twice a week in hot water, and afterward rubbing the skin with rough towels until it assumes a healthy glow.

Each bather at the swimming tank is supplied with a private dressing room, towels and a suit.

Ladies bathe every day [except Sundays] from 10 to 12 a. m. Ladies and gentlemen, in parties, from 3 to 4 p. m.

At all other times the bath is open for gentlemen exclusively.

MINERAL BATHS.

In the bath house are twenty private mineral baths. Ten are exclusively for gentlemen and ten for ladies.

Each room is supplied with a cast iron tub weighing 400 pounds and lined with an indestructible enamel, entirely free from any possibility of contamination.

The water supplying these baths comes directly from the Navajo spring, and in addition to being an alkaline bath, it furnishes all the essentials of sea bathing. It contains sea salt, iodine and bromine. The great abundance of free carbon di-oxide in this water renders these baths the best of cosmetics. A course of ten or twenty baths will restore the skin to the delicacy and softness of girlhood. They are much resorted to for this purpose. They are also useful in a variety of affections. A hot soda bath before retiring will usually insure a good night's sleep. In painful nervous affections, and in debility from overwork, a course of baths is often highly useful. The sick who contemplate a course of mineral water and baths, may appropriately consult a physician for further information.

These baths are mainly resorted to as a luxury. Bathing in hot water is always pleasant, but a person who takes a mineral bath of suitable temperature comes out of it with a feeling of freshness, vigor and exhilaration which is not obtainable from any other source.

The baths are open from 6 a. m. to 12 p. m.

Tickets entitling the holder to a course of baths at reduced rates may be obtained at the Bath House.

JOHN HUBBELL, President.
FREDERICK FULLER, Resident Physician.

AINSWORTH BROWN
Opera House Block.
Painters' Materials and Oils
WALL PAPER, GLASS,
Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,
ARTISTS' MATERIALS.
Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining.

Colorado for Invalids
By DR. S. E. SOLLY,
FOR SALE AT
HOWBERT BROS'

THE
Gazette Bindery
—IS NOW—
FULLY ESTABLISHED,
AND ITS FACILITIES FOR DOING
WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
ARE
SUPERIOR
To those of any Bindery
IN THE
STATE OF COLORADO.
NEW BOOKS
Of Any Style or Description.
Ruled and Bound
At Prices that will Compare with those Charged by Eastern Houses
Especial Attention Given to the Binding of Magazines in all the desirable styles.
It is under the management of
COMPETENT and EXPERIENCED MAN
who will guarantee to
GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION
To who entrus work to his care.

STILL ALIVE!
AND ANOTHER LONG LIST OF
BARGAINS TO OFFER

12 Gingham Suits reduced from $8.00 to $3.00.
Canton Ginghams reduced from 15c to 10c.
French Ginghams reduced from 40c and 30c to 25c.
Lisle Thread Gloves reduced from 25c and 30c to 10c.
Full Regular Made Hose for 25c, worth 50c.

THIRD DAY BARGAINS

50 dozen Children's Fancy Full regular Made Hose for 25 cts., well worth 50 cts.; 100 dozen Gents' Full Regular Made Socks, double heel and toe, for 25 cts., better quality than has ever been sold in the West for 40 cts.

JUST OPENED

A Full Line of White Piques, Plain Figured and Striped Mulls, Nainsooks, Swisses; also a large assortment of Neckwear. All people wishing

BARGAINS

in desirable goods should call upon

GIDDINGS & STILLMAN
J-29-tf

ALWAYS AHEAD!
Great Bargains at the
PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

One lot All Wool Buntings reduced from 30c to 15c.
Two lots All Wool Dress Goods reduced from 40c to 20c.
Three lots All Wool Dress Goods reduced from 25c to 10c.
One lot All Silk Grenadines reduced from $1.50 to $1.00.
One lot Zephyr Cloths reduced from 18c to 10c.
Two lots Ribbons reduced from 25c, 30c and 35c to 5c, 8c and 10c.
One lot Sash Ribbons reduced from $1.75 and $1.35 to 90c and $1.00.
Five lots Men's Underwear at one-fourth off regular prices.
One lot All Silk Grenadines reduced from $1.50 to $1.00.
All Linen and Mohair Ulsters reduced one half.
One lot French Percales at 15c, worth 25c.
One lot French Percales at 10c, worth 15c.
One lot French Ginghams at 20c.
Printed Lawns at 5c, 10c and 15c.
Linen Lawns at 20c and 30c.
Plain, Figured and Striped Mulls, Nainsooks, Swisses, Linen d'Irlands and all other descriptions of

WHITE GOODS

White Piques from 10c up.
Lace Stripes from 18c up.
Many other bargains at equally low prices.
Everybody seeking new and desirable goods and bargains should visit the

Piko's Peak Dry Goods Emporium
Respectfully,
FERRIS & JONES
Veritas ad finem.
a-1-1y.

Established 1873.
EL PASO COUNTY
BANK.
Capital Paid in ... $100,000
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Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.
WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier.
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